

Healthy, Active & Sustainable Environments

Guidelines for Building Design and Operation







THEN

NOW

FUGLEBERG KOCH

You can lead a horse to water, But you can't make him drink

- "Green" initiatives within buildings generally focus on:
- Renewable materials
- Non-invasive chemicals
- The efficient use of energy



- "Green" criteria have an indirect focus on "healthy outcomes"
- Pollution abatement
- Resource management
- Overall air and water quality



 Design features that follow "Green Accreditation" do not insure the maximum health and activity benefit



 Accessibility and convenience practices frequently are deterrents to activation:

Reserved parking for car pool, pregnant mothers, reward

convenience with lower effort

Level access for the physically impaired remove steps

Elevators and escalators discourage use of stairs









- Green standards are helpful in improving air quality
 - Encourages the use of less harmful pesticides, adhesives, solvents, chemical shielding
 - Barriers to smoking reduce 2nd hand smoke exposure
 - High efficiency filters remove pollen and harmful particulates
 - Fresh air management and ductless heating/cooling reduce mold development in HVAC systems
 - Natural UV light retard mold and mildew formation

 Design features that advance healthier settings to assure benefit often require ongoing management and promotional responsibilities

 Construction implementation alone does not result in a healthier more activated individual

 A partnership between design and operations is essential to the full activation

 Advancing healthy, active and sustainable individuals raises the bar above "Green Design" to a more inclusive standard involving:

- Maintenance
- Operation
- Promotion of lifestyle elements

Lifestyle focus has long been a part of premier resort

and housing applications



Many developments seek solutions that promote active

living and social connectivity

- Hotels provide fitness, leisure and entertainment activities, with healthy menu options
- Residential communities use recreational themes and socially motivating common areas
- Workplace settings re-invented in the mid 90's sought active collaboration, creative inspiration, positive attitude, and spiritually uplifting outcomes
- Retail environments refocused on outdoor malls, with compact walking convenience and 24/7 settings





No published guidelines

Observation and experience thus has provided

guidance



- A healthy and active lifestyle must include
 - Activation/ exercise/ fitness
 - Diet/ nourishment
 - Physical comfort
 - Education/ personal betterment/ motivation
 - Mental wellbeing/ stress management/ positive attitude
 - Spiritual enrichment
 - Affirming social interaction

- Sedentary behavior is often encouraged
 - Open planning, flexible furnishing, portable work stations, private and teaming venues, encourage physical mobility
 - Mixed use buildings promote pedestrian connectivity
 - Elevators coupled with open adjacent stairs promote climbing







- Sedentary behavior is often encouraged
 - Workplaces that provide staff fitness facilities offer motivation, convenience, and improved time efficiency
 - Homes that consider bathrooms as "spas" offer cleanliness, fitness, leisure activity, and intimacy with sanitary needs





- Sedentary behavior is often encourage
 - Community centers that offer equipped workout areas provide benefits competitive with fitness memberships
 - Recreational appointments in work settings invite active use during breaks





Remember hidden amenities do not invite use



IV. DIETS/ NOURISHMENT

- The average individual eats a snack, or drinks a beverage every hour of the waking day
- The choice usually more to do with the time and ease than nutritional value



IV. DIETS/ NOURISHMENT

Most work places provide vending or complimentary nourishment for employees

Product selection and offering controlled by

management



IV. DIETS/ NOURISHMENT

 Commissaries and food and beverage operations should be judged for food quality



V. PHYSICAL COMFORT

- Workplace furniture selection can impact the way we perform
 - Standing conference tables
 - Stools
 - Adjustable ergonomic chairs
 - Counter heights of differing elevation
 - Communal tables

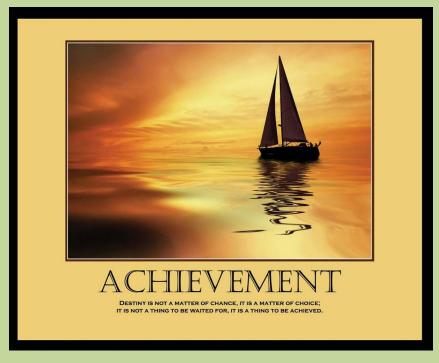


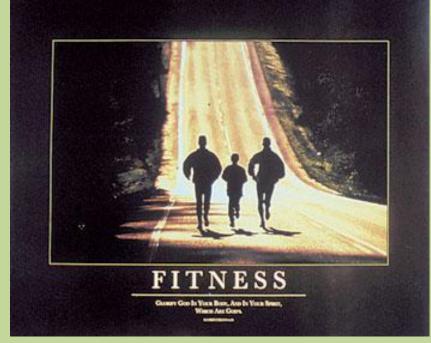


V. PHYSICAL COMFORT

- Physical comfort advanced by "quality of the place"
- Air quality aimed at superior filtration, ozone replenishment, odor removal, and humidity management
- Lighting, focus on legibility and glare reduction
- Color intended to improve to warmth and calmness
- Indoor planting subliminally suggests healthy settings
- Spatial variety invite use of functional locations with periodic mobility
- Outdoor venues designed for comfort can complement indoor activities

 Walls are often overlooked and blank billboards that offer a fixed backdrop to furniture





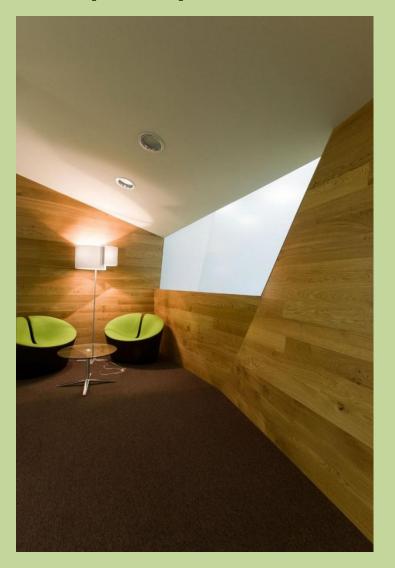
The quality of conduit of information can be as important as the information



Programmed educational vignettes (Lunch and Learn)



A healthy mind is prerequisite to a healthy body



MEDITATION ZONE

VII. MENTAL WELLBEING/ STRESS MANAGEMENT/ ATTITUDE

- Most stress is related to schedules, interpersonal conflicts, or finance
 - Quiet zones award individuals a respite from accumulating anxiety
 - Colors convey emotional results
 - Sounds can change attitude
 - Fragrances can evoke a range of positive results.
 - Temperatures can advance or retard energy levels
 - Restful zones
 - Power Nap
 - Showers
 - Smiles can be inspired by people and relationships with places
 - Infant accommodations at or near the workplace, can promote employee peace of mind

VIII. SPIRITUAL ENRICHMENT

- Happiness is key to a healthy and prolonged life
- Spiritual essence can be measured as individual's belief of and participation in a humanistic, benevolent, and moral ethic.



VIII. SPIRITUAL ENRICHMENT

 Spiritual enrichment can come from company supported philanthropies, blood bank drives, and job shadowing



VIII. SPIRITUAL ENRICHMENT

- We are a time oriented creature
- Environments can respect the clock by evidencing the time of day and the season of year, while not defining available use by either





VIII. SOCIAL CONNECTIVITY

- Social connectivity is a compelling need
 - The water cooler conversation
 - Lunch with co-workers
 - The weekend sports update



VIII. SOCIAL CONNECTIVITY

Many routine settings can promote proper social connectivity



IX. SUMMARY

 Healthy active and sustainable built environments are property of a partnership between design and operator





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